

CURIOSITY

COMPASSION

COURAGE



Curriculum Overview 2023/24

Subject	Criminology Diploma	Year group	13					
Vision statement:	At Landau Forte, our curriculum exists to ensure all students regardless of background and ability have the opportunity to unlock their potential. We are committed to students being challenged from their previous key stage learning experiences. Our broad and balanced curriculum is ambitious, coherently planned and sequenced, and will provide the platform for preparing students with the foundations for examination success.							
	Our Curriculum Intent has been informed by a wide variety of researchers and is steep our curriculum to empower all learners creating a pathway to success in university, the		Counsel summarises the aspiration of					
	'A curriculum exists to change the pupil, to give the pupil new power. One acid test for to clamber into the discourse and practices of educated people, so that they gain power.		ower attaining or disadvantaged pupils					
	As well as excellent academic success, we aim to ensure our students leave us as polit and Curiosity are currently being embedded throughout our curriculum offer to ensure	, -						
Curriculum intent:	Must include school values (3Cs)							
	At Landau Forte the Criminology Department have high aspirations for all our learners learners themselves, supporting them to gain the confidence they need to progress in to ensure all students experience a curriculum rich in criminological theory and resear criminological issues. Students will be taught as apprentice criminologists and the curr knowledge and understanding to real-life criminal justice system contexts. The curricu global issues. Programmes of study develop learners' knowledge, skills and behaviour towards these aims. Students will be supported throughout the two years of study and skills and careers.	to successful destinations. The key object ch. This is to encourage students to engagiculum will offer students the opportunitum will foster students' critical awarenes so they can progress to university, employed	ive of the Criminology department is ge in debates regarding crucial y to apply their criminological as of contemporary social, cultural and byment or higher levels of study					
	Students are encouraged to show curiosity by engaging with the lessons and asking in debating sensitive topics with peers and courage by going beyond in and outside of lessons are encouraged to show curiosity by engaging with the lessons and asking in	· · ·	•					
Threshold Concepts (TCs):	 TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and TC2: To understand key theories and make synoptic links throughout the top TC3: To be able to provide knowledge and understanding in purposeful contents 	pic areas. exts linked to the criminal justice system.						
	 TC4: To be able to apply criminological case examples to a range of different TC5: To be able to evaluate criminological scenarios in order to form argume 	•	ons.					



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Learner skills:	Critical thinking	Evaluation	Collaboration	Adaptability	Oracy	Self-quizzing
	Critical Thinking		COLLABORATION	ADAPTABILITY	ORACY	SELF QUIZZING
Year 13 Criminology	Term 1 Aug-Oct	Term 2 Nov-Dec	Term 3 Jan-Feb	Term 4 Mar-Apr	Term 5 Apr-May	Term 6 Jun-Jul
The Big Question	UNIT 3- What safeguards are in place to ensure a suspect has a fair trial? UNIT4- How effective are organisations in dealing with criminality?					
Big picture questions:	UNIT 3: AC.1.3-1.4: Explain and assess how evidence is processed in criminal investigations. UNIT3: AC2.1-2.3: What are the processes for prosecution of suspects?	UNIT3: AC2.4-2.5: How effective are key influences affecting the outcomes of criminal cases UNIT3: AC3.1-3.2: What evidence needs to be considered to determine whether the verdict is safe and unjust?	UNIT4: AC1.1-1.3: How and why are laws made? How is the criminal justice system organised? UNIT4: AC2.1: What social institutions have we developed to ensure that people do obey the laws?	UNIT4: AC2.2-2.3: What happens to those who violate our legal system? How do we punish people if they commit a crime? UNIT4: AC3.1: What are the measures used in Social control?	UNIT4: AC3.2: What organisations do we have in our society to control criminality? UNIT4: AC3.3-AC3.4: What, why and how evaluating the effectiveness of the process of social control in delivering policy in different contexts?	
Content (Linked to TCs):	TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and enhance knowledge around criminality. TC3: To be able to provide knowledge and understanding in purposeful contexts	TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and enhance knowledge around criminality. TC3: To be able to provide knowledge and understanding in purposeful contexts	TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and enhance knowledge around criminality. TC2: To understand key theories and make synoptic links	TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and enhance knowledge around criminality. TC2: To understand key theories and make synoptic links	TC1: To be able to develop critical thinking skills that will inform research and enhance knowledge around criminality. TC2: To understand key theories and make synoptic links	



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justic TC4: crimi	ed to the criminal ice system. To be able to apply inological case	linked to the criminal justice system. TC4: To be able to apply	throughout the topic areas. TC3: To be able to	throughout the topic areas. TC3: To be able to	throughout the topic areas.	
TC4:	: To be able to apply	TC4: To be able to apply				
crimi			TC3: To be able to	TC2. To be able to		
	inological case			TC3: TO be able to	TC3: To be able to	
exam		criminological case	provide knowledge and	provide knowledge and	provide knowledge and	
CAUT	mples to a range of	examples to a range of	understanding in	understanding in	understanding in	
diffe	erent concepts and	different concepts and	purposeful contexts	purposeful contexts	purposeful contexts	
theo	ories.	theories.	linked to the criminal	linked to the criminal	linked to the criminal	
TC5:	: To be able to	TC5: To be able to	justice system.	justice system.	justice system.	
eval	uate criminological	evaluate criminological	TC4: To be able to apply	TC4: To be able to apply	TC4: To be able to apply	
scen	narios in order to	scenarios in order to	criminological case	criminological case	criminological case	
form	n arguments, make	form arguments, make	examples to a range of	examples to a range of	examples to a range of	
judg [,]	gements and draw	judgements and draw	different concepts and	different concepts and	different concepts and	
conc	clusions.	conclusions.	theories.	theories.	theories.	
			TC5: To be able to	TC5: To be able to	TC5: To be able to	
			evaluate criminological	evaluate criminological	evaluate criminological	
			scenarios in order to	scenarios in order to	scenarios in order to	
			form arguments, make	form arguments, make	form arguments, make	
			judgements and draw	judgements and draw	judgements and draw	
			conclusions.	conclusions.	conclusions.	
Key vocabulary: Full (Code Test, Bail; Plea	Bias, Opinion,	Government, Judiciary,	Deterrence, Retribution,	Roles, CPS, Police,	
Barg	gaining, Admissible	circumstances, currency,	Double jeopardy,	Rehabilitation,	Pressure groups. Social	
Evide	ence, Jurors,	accuracy. Just verdicts,	Social control, Internal,	Reparation, Public	Control, Internal and	
Mag	gistrates, Personnel,	Miscarriage, safe verdict,	External, Due Process	Protection,	external control,	
Inves	stigative techniques,	just sentencing.	Model, Crime Control	Imprisonment,	Environmental, Prison,	
Profi	iling, Surveillance,	Judiciary, Barristers,	Model.	Fines, Discharge,	Panopticon, Tactics,	
Testi	imonial evidence,	Witnesses, Experts,		Community Sentences,	Civil Liberties, State	
Valid	dity, Appeal, Victim,	Politics, Judicial Bias,		Charity, Pressure Groups.	provision, Charities.	
CPS,	, , Threshold test,	Moral Panic, Lay people,				
Publ	lic interest test,	Trial Transcript, Media				
Indic	ctable offence,	reports, Judgements,				
	mary offence,	Law reports, Just				
l J	ble either way,	verdicts, Double				
	oic citilet way,					
Triab	evance, Authentic,	Jeopardy, Unsafe				
Triab Relev	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-				
Triab Relev Accu	vance, Authentic,	Jeopardy, Unsafe				
Barg Evide Magi Inves Profi Testi Valid CPS, Publi Indic	gaining, Admissible ence, Jurors, gistrates, Personnel, estigative techniques, filing, Surveillance, cimonial evidence, dity, Appeal, Victim, . , Threshold test, lic interest test, ctable offence, emary offence,	circumstances, currency, accuracy. Just verdicts, Miscarriage, safe verdict, just sentencing. Judiciary, Barristers, Witnesses, Experts, Politics, Judicial Bias, Moral Panic, Lay people, Trial Transcript, Media reports, Judgements, Law reports, Just	Government, Judiciary, Double jeopardy, Social control, Internal, External, Due Process Model, Crime Control	conclusions. Deterrence, Retribution, Rehabilitation, Reparation, Public Protection, Imprisonment, Fines, Discharge, Community Sentences,	Roles, CPS, Police, Pressure groups. Social Control, Internal and external control, Environmental, Prison, Panopticon, Tactics, Civil Liberties, State	



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Assessment:	Mandatory unit 3	Mandatory unit 3	Mandatory unit 4	Mandatory unit 4	Mandatory unit 2.		
	(Internal unit ongoing controlled assessment)	(Internal unit ongoing controlled assessment) Internal controlled	Short answer exam questions and essays once each topic area completed.	Short answer exam questions and essays once each topic area completed.	Short answer exam questions and essays once each topic area completed.		
		examination			External examination		
Key/Historical misconceptions in this unit:	Understanding the processes used by laypeople up to appeal within the CJS.	Examining in detail validity against the above Information Sources by testing the areas where validity may have been undermined leading to an unfair trial and/or final judgement.	The relationship between different agencies within the CJS in England and Wales.	Evaluating the contribution of government agencies in achieving social control.	Evaluating the effectiveness of agencies in achieving social control.		
Sequencing:	We have chosen to sequence the year X curriculum like this because All four units for Criminology are mandatory and sequencing adheres to the WJEC specification for Criminology. Students are required to complete internal and external units in the first year and second year of the Diploma qualification.						
National Curriculum plus:	In addition to teaching the statutory elements of the national curriculum, we also includearrange visits to the National Galleries Museum, The Old Bailey to enhance our knowledge of Crime and Punishment.						