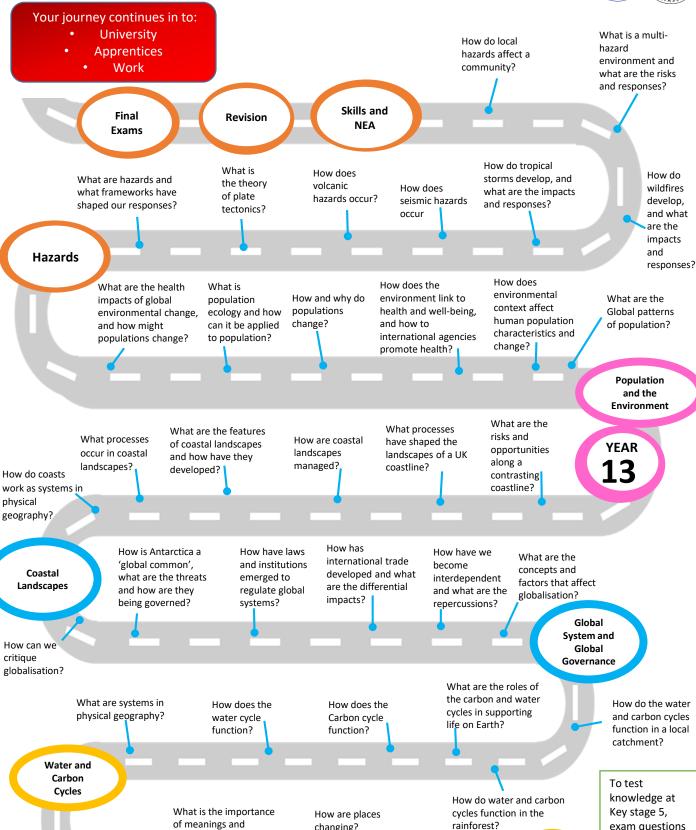


Geography Road Map







knowledge at exam questions will be used during the topic and an end of topic assessment will be from the exam board

sample paper.

and a contrasting place developed?

How has

character of

Birmingham

the

What is the impact of How can we use relationships and Quantitative and connections on Qualitative methods of data? people and place?

place?

representations on

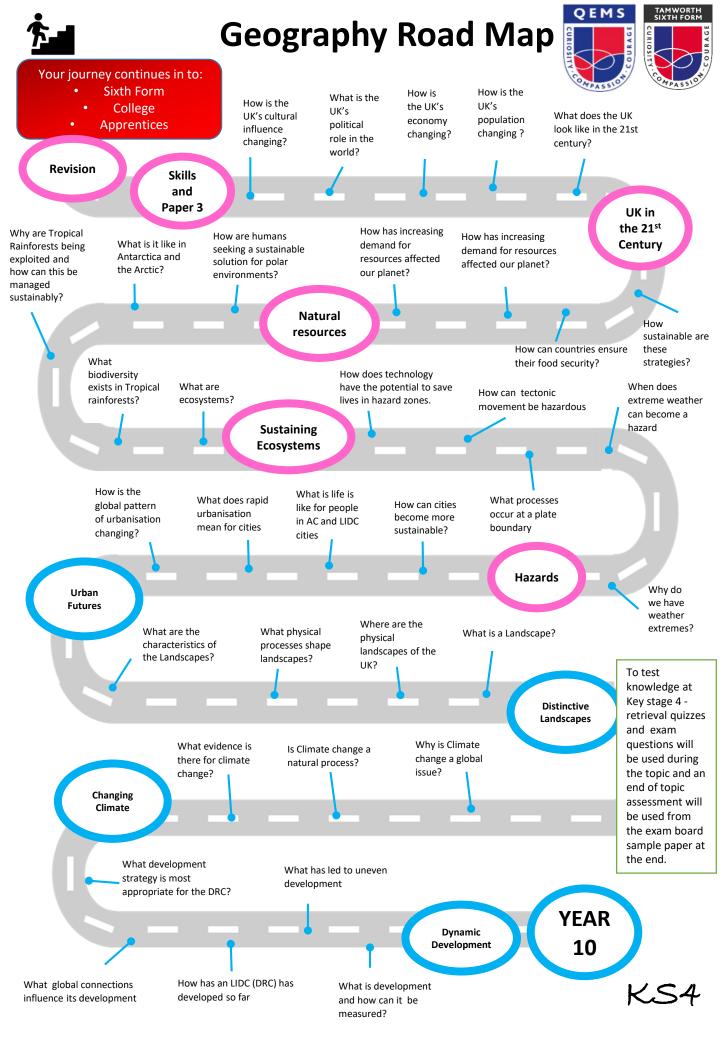
What is the nature and importance of place?

changing?

Changing

Places

YEAR



Geographical skills and fieldwork skills Geography will be incorporated KS3 Curriculum Road Map through out topics Your What is the What are the threats What are the challenges journey cryosphere and what and management of and opportunities in the What are features does it have? continues in Antarctica? Cryosphere? we doing to to Key Stage the 4 Cryosphere? How can we What is the How is the mitigate and risk of Earth manage Tectonic structured? Tectonic Hazards? Hazards? How can What How are globalisation help strategies can **Tectonic** with we use to help development? Hazards development? affecting our Landscapes? How can the coastline be What are the What is managed How threats to our development and sustainably? developed how is it caused? coastal environments? and Globalised is the World? What are the physical sustainable is How does economic processes acting at the the Middle and political factors coastline? East? affect the Middle What are the features of East? **YEAR** Why is there a the Middle variety of East? distinctive coastal landscapes in the UK? How How does human activity diverse is What are the Characteristics of affect the Tropical Rainforests the Tropical Rainforests and What is the and deserts deserts? Middle importance of **East Biomes and** what are their threats?

Latitude and biome formation

(temperature and rainfall)

Ecosystems

and biomes

Brilliant Biomes

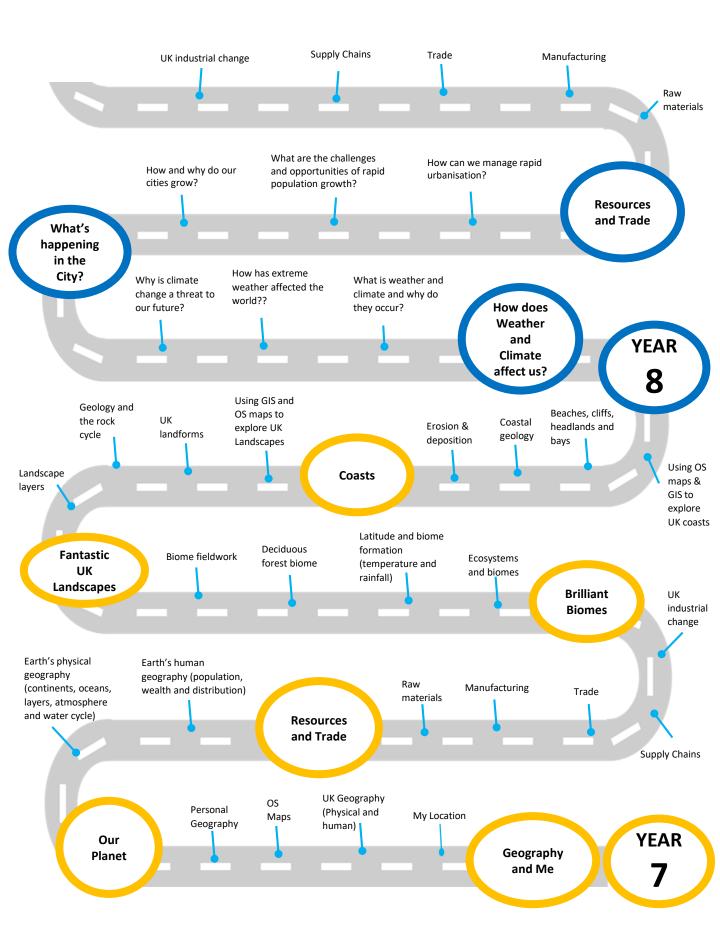
Biome fieldwork

Deciduous

forest biome

Geography KS3 Curriculum Road Map





Geography Road Map



Your journey continues in to KEY STAGE

Use fieldwork to measure and present data using a range of methods Use 8 point compass directions, grid references and OS symbols to build an understanding of the world

Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and features

SIXTH FORM

Geogra phical Skills

Physical and Human Geography Physical Geography – Describe and understand key aspects of climate zones biomes, rivers, mountains, volcanoes & Earthquakes and the water cycle

Human Geography – Describe and understand key aspects of settlements & land use, economic activities and natural resources

Name and locate

Understand similarities and differences between a region in the UK, a region in Europe and a region in North or South America

Identify the position of hemispheres and lines of latitude and longitude

Name and locate counties and cities in the UK and their human and physical features

Locate countries in Europe and North ad South America and their features

Geographi cal Skills Use World map, atlases and globes

Use simple compass directions

Place Knowledge

Use fieldwork to study their school and surrounding areas

Locational Knowledge

KS2

Use basic geographical vocabulary in reference to key physical and human features

Location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and the poles

Identify seasonal and daily weather pattern in the UK

Place Knowledge Students to understand the similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small are of the UK and a contrasting Non- European country

Physical and Human Geography

1 &2
National
Curriculum
is based on
content
and skills
needed to
be covered
in these
Key stages.

Key Stage

Students to name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas.

Locational Knowledge

KS1

Students will learn to name and locate the worlds seven continents and five oceans